EDP308: STATISTICAL LITERACY

The University of Texas at Austin, Fall 2020

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Overview

- □ Samples
 - The Wisdom of the Crowd
 - Random Sampling
 - Non-Random Sampling
- Issues with Sampling
 - Representativeness
 - Demographics
- □ Issues with Social Science Research
 - Samples vs. Population
 - □ UT vs USA

Samples

Jelly Beans and Distributions

The Code – The Wisdom of the Crowd

With good samples we get closer to the truth.

"How much do you study?"

I want to know how many hours a week on average students at UT study, so I go to the library and "randomly" ask 100 people, "How many hours a week do you spend studying?"

What are some issues with this sampling?

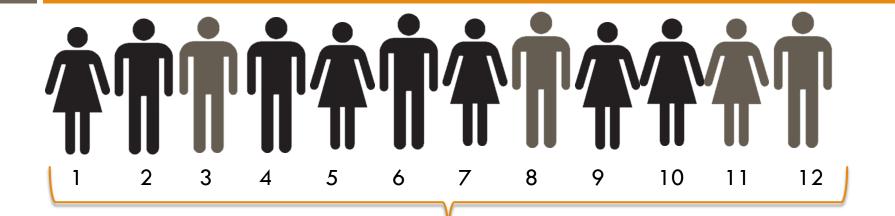
Let's Sample



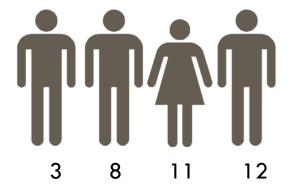
We need to collect a sample of size n = 100

How should we select them?

The Ideal: Simple Random Sampling



Random Number Generator

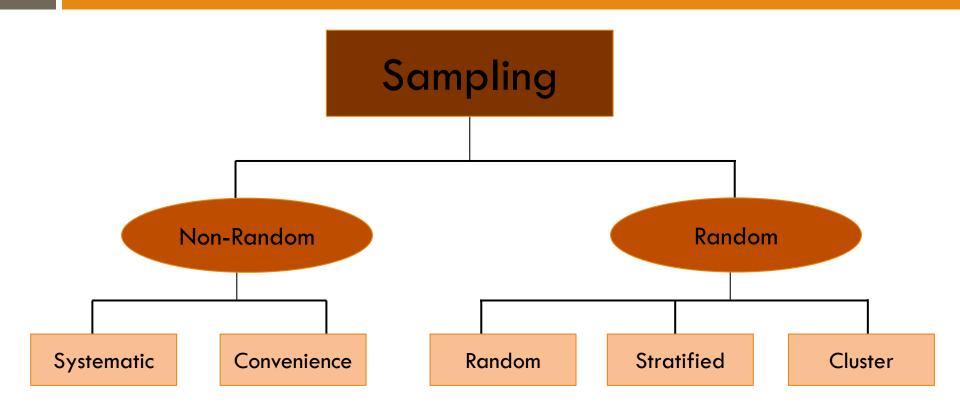


"Simple" Random Sampling

- □ Sadly, there is little "simple" about it.
- Something truly randomly sampled:
 - Defines the population of interest
 - Every single person in that population is equally likely to get randomly chosen
 - Results in an unbiased estimate

Is this true for our UT sample?

Other Types of Sampling



There are different sampling methods. It is important to note if a study has conducted a random or non-random sample. Non-random methods typically result in biased samples and thus biased results. Random samples are ideal but harder to achieve in real life. Keep an eye our for whether a sample was collected randomly or non-randomly.

Issues with Our UT Sample

- I want to know how many hours a week on average students at UT study, so I go to the library and "randomly" ask 100 people, "How many hours a week do you spend studying?"
 - What about students that study at home or at a café?
 - What about the time in the semester?
 - What about different majors?
 - □ What about the day I ask?
 - What about homework? Essays?

Issues with Our UT Sample

 Now we can see our quick easy question to determine the average number of hours UT students study needs a lot more clarification. (This is part of Conceptualization and Operationalization.)

How would you rephrase this question and define the population?



Defining the Population and Variable

- These are more specific and do a better job defining the population and the variable of interest?.
 - "What is the average weekly amount of time a <u>Freshman Engineering students at UT enrolled in 15 hours</u> spends on classwork outside of the classroom (ex. homework, studying, building)?"
 - "What is the average amount of time per week a <u>Senior English</u> students at UT enrolled part-time spend working on classwork outside of the classroom (ex. reading, writing, studying)?"

Issues in Social Science Research...

- Where do many (if not most) of the samples for academic research, especially in the social science, come from?
 - College students...

What are some issues with this?

What are the racial and ethnic demographics of undergraduate UT students (Fall 2019)?

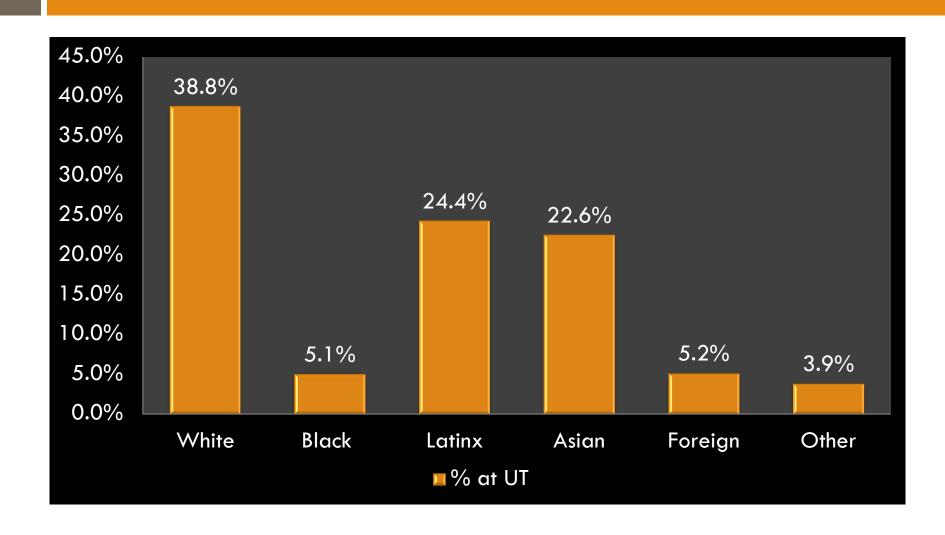
What are the racial and ethnic demographics of undergraduate UT students (Fall 2019)?

Race/Ethnicity	% at UT
White (Non-Latinx)	
Black	
Latinx	
Asian	
Foreign	
Other	

What are the racial and ethnic demographics of undergraduate UT students (Fall 2019)?

Race/Ethnicity	% at UT
White (Non-Latinx)	38.8%
Black	5.1%
Latinx	24.4%
Asian	22.6%
Foreign	5.2%
Other	3.9%

Frequency Distribution of UT-Students 2019



What are the racial and ethnic demographics of the US population (2019)?

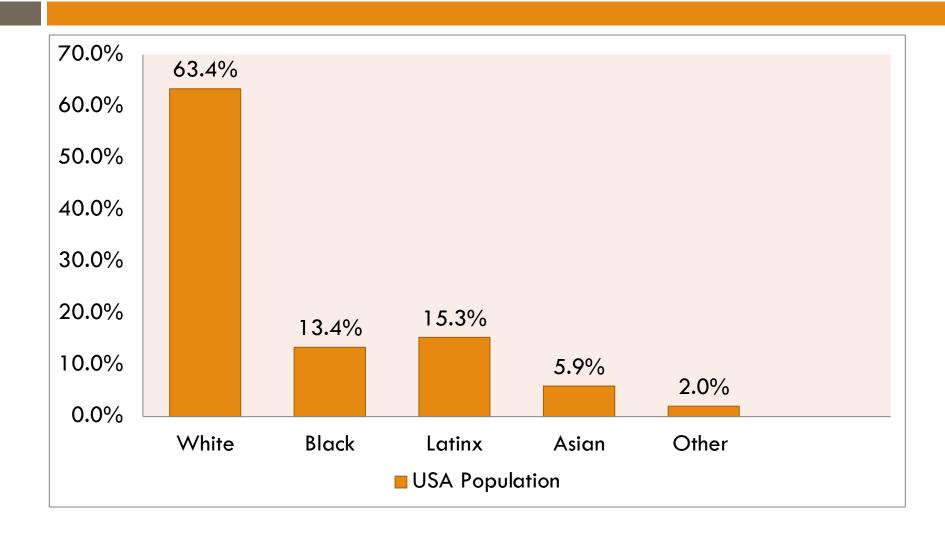
What are the racial and ethnic demographics of the US population (2019)?

Race/Ethnicity	% of USA
White (Non-Latinx)	
Black	
Latinx	
Asian	
Foreign	
Other	

What are the racial and ethnic demographics of the US population (2019)?

Race/Ethnicity	% of USA
White (Non-Latinx)	63.4 %
Black	13.4 %
Latinx	15.3 %
Asian	5.9 %
Foreign	NA
Other	2 %

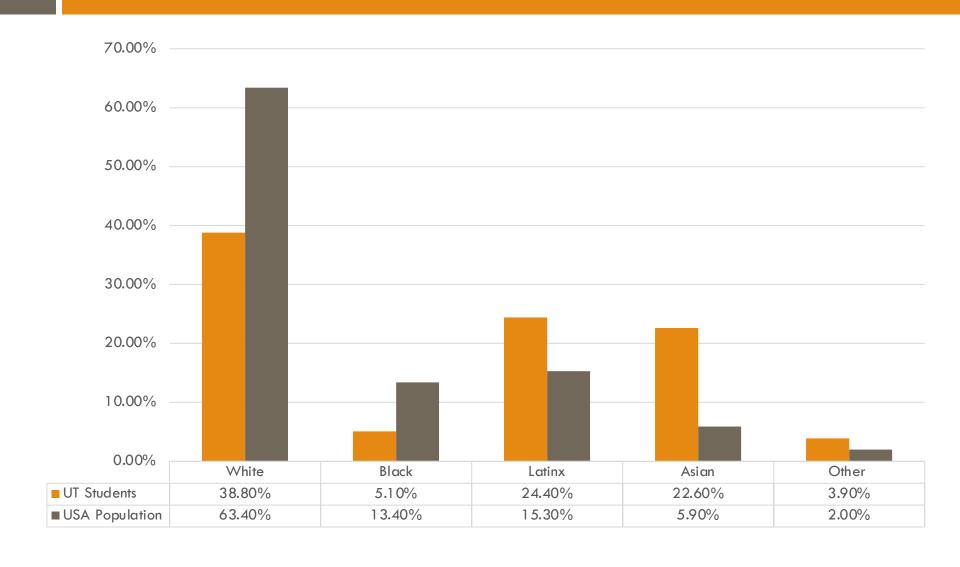
Frequency Distribution of USA 2019



Convenience and Accuracy

How representative would our UT-Austin sample be of the US population?

UT Student vs US Population



Next Up...

Now that we have an idea on how to take a sample, let's see what we can learn from our samples and a new distribution called...

The Sampling Distribution...